







University : National Chin-Yi University of Technology

Country : Taiwan

Web Address : www.ncut.edu.tw

## [SDG6] Clean Water and Sanitation

[SDG6.2.1] Does your university as a body measure the total volume of water used in the university that is taken from mains supply, desalinated, or extracted from rivers, lakes, or acquifers?

## **Water Supply for NCUT**

National Chin-Yi University of Technology (NCUT) has implemented an effective water management system in partnership with the Taiwan Water Supply Company (TWC) and adheres to stringent environmental regulations. Here's a summary of NCUT's water supply and management practices:

- TWC Water Supply: NCUT primarily receives its water from the Taiwan Water Supply Company,
  which is responsible for distributing water throughout Taiwan, including to government
  departments, schools, and households. This ensures a reliable and consistent water supply for
  the university.
- 2. Sewage Treatment: In compliance with the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law, NCUT has built a sewage treatment facility that collects wastewater from the entire campus, including experimental sites. The sewage undergoes physical, chemical, and biological treatments to ensure it meets the government's discharge standards before being released.
- 3. **Compliance and Reporting**: The sewage treatment plant at NCUT holds a government-issued emission permit, and the university consistently reports its water quality and quantity data to the Environmental Protection Administration (EPA). NCUT operates under strict EPA supervision and has maintained compliance with all environmental protection laws.
- 4. Water Recycling: NCUT promotes water sustainability by recycling about 40% of treated wastewater. This recycled water, referred to as "middle water," is used to maintain campus greenery and provide water for Mingxiu Lake, reflecting NCUT's commitment to water conservation and sustainable resource management.

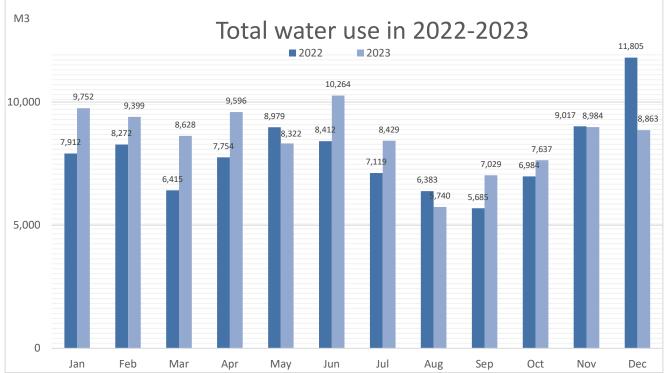
NCUT's collaborative efforts with TWC, combined with its proactive water treatment and recycling initiatives, demonstrate its dedication to environmental sustainability and responsible water management.

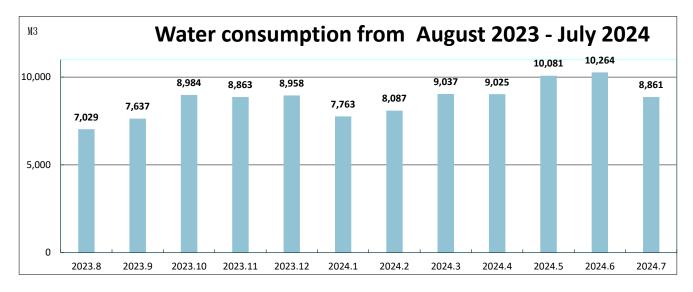












The raging extreme weather has led to frequent global disasters. In the past three decades, countries have actively addressing climate change, with achieving net-zero emissions emerging as a key issue. Many countries are setting carbon reduction pathways and developing new technology. Taiwan also announced its target of net-zero carbon emission by 2050.



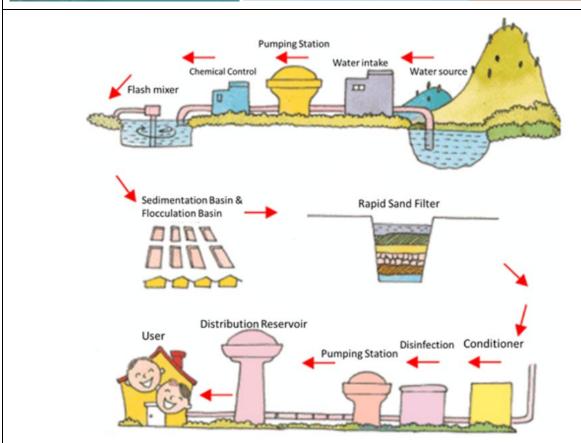
















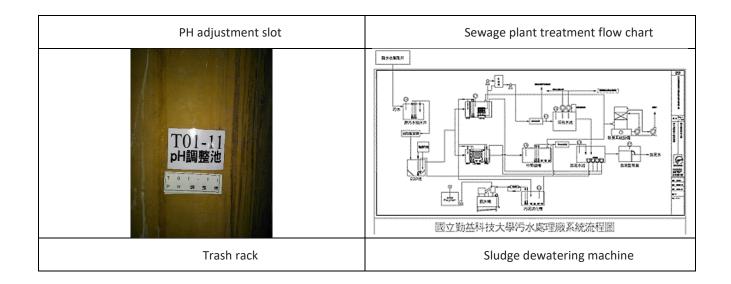






Taiwan faces the twin challenges of intensifying climate change and a mountainous topography which makes it difficult to retain rainwater. To improve the nation's water security, the government has promoted a range of water resource-related policies, implemented strict water management and initiated a water environment infrastructure project under the auspices of the Forward-looking

Infrastructure Development Program. Furthermore, in August 2021 a national water resources management master plan was approved to serve as a blueprint for future infrastructure construction and the management of the nation's water supply, incorporating a number of strategies for water management, water resource development, water conservation measures, water allocation adjustment, and the creation of auxiliary networks. The master plan centers around the promotion of three major initiatives that will from fountain to faucet bolster the water supply capabilities of each region, increase water reuse and recycling, and strengthen the management and resilience of the nation's water supply.













Original sewage well



Microfiltration system



UV sterilization system



Reclaimed water system



Central control room



Discharge water flow meter





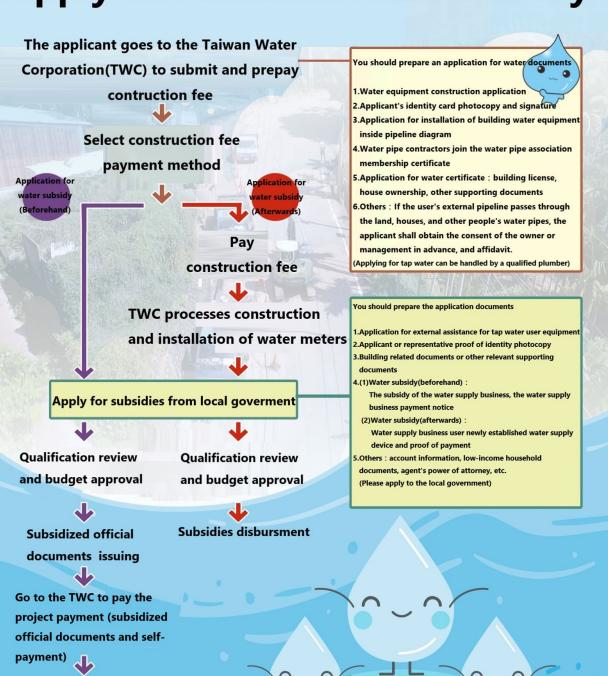








## Procedures for Applying Water Supply and External Lines Subsidy



TWC processes construction and installation of water meters